

Perennial Fixed Interest Wholesale Trust

Monthly Report as at 30 June 2012

	Month %	Quarter %	FYTD %	1 Year %	2 Years % p.a.	3 Years % p.a.	5 Years % p.a.
Perennial Fixed Interest Wholesale Trust*	0.24	3.73	10.74	10.74	8.97	9.84	9.02
UBS Composite Bond Index (0+years)	-0.16	4.57	12.41	12.41	8.92	8.57	8.17
Value Added (Deducted)	0.40	-0.84	-1.67	-1.67	0.05	1.27	0.85
Net Performance	0.20	3.61	10.24	10.24	8.48	9.35	8.52

* Gross Performance. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance.

- The Trust outperformed the Index return by 0.40%.
- On the outlook for the path of the cash rate, we continue to factor in a 3.00% cash rate by late 2012.
- Credit markets responded favourably following developments at the European Union summit.

Performance

A sharp rise in bond yields occurred early in June on the back of higher yields offshore. This was a result of an easing of investor concern surrounding a Greek exit from the European Union (EU) and other European debt issues including recapitalising the Spanish banking system. This was further supported by the Reserve Bank of Australia (RBA) cutting domestic cash rates by 0.25% rather than the widely expected 0.50%.

The UBS Composite Bond Index (0 + years) (the Index) finished down 0.16% with all of the income, plus some, eroded by the negative impact on bond prices of rising yields. The Perennial Fixed Interest Wholesale Trust (the Trust) outperformed the Index by 0.40%, returning 0.24%. Pleasingly, many of the strategies employed over the past few months contributed to this result.

Interest rate strategies in the form of a significant underweight duration position protected capital and added to performance. This was slightly offset by yield curve positioning, which detracted value as a result of the yield curve becoming flatter over the month.

Spread sectors more broadly performed well during the month, characterised by a modest 'risk on' period with all sectors (semi government, supnationals and credit) outperforming treasury bonds. Given the Trust's meaningful overweight allocations to credit and semi government securities in particular, sector allocation made a strong positive contribution to our relative performance.

Finally, security selection also added value over the month including large exposures to Queensland Treasury Corporation government guaranteed semi government bonds, senior and covered major banks, infrastructure and listed property trust debt.

Perennial Fixed Interest Wholesale Trust:

The Trust aims to provide a total return (after fees) greater than cash and inflation, and that exceeds the UBS Composite Bond Index (0 + years), measured on a rolling three-year basis.

Portfolio Manager: Glenn Feben	Risk Profile: Medium
Trust FUM (as at 30/06/12): AUD254 million	Income Distribution Frequency: Quarterly
Team FUM (as at 30/06/12): AUD5.7 billion	Minimum Initial Investment: \$25,000
Trust Inception date: August 1994	APIR code: IOF0046AU

Market Review

The Australian bond market ended the month higher as cash rate expectations shifted and the worst case scenario of a disorderly Greek exit from the European Economic and Monetary Union (EMU) and major contagion from the undercapitalisation of the Spanish banking sector were not realised.

At the shorter end of the curve, the yield on a three year government bond ended the month 27 basis points (bps) higher at 2.40%. The RBA began the month by cutting the cash rate by 25 bps to 3.50%, in what the minutes from the meeting described as a finally balanced decision. At that point, market expectations were for more aggressive policy action.

Economic data releases following the RBA's move were on the stronger side with the national accounts revealing that the economy expanded by a thumping 1.30% over the March quarter. Following that was May labour force data, where employment gained 39,000 and exceeded expectations for the third time in a row. There were

some softer releases though, with the NAB Survey of business conditions falling to its lowest level since May 2009 and consumer sentiment remained subdued, despite 75 bps of easing since May.

Against this overall backdrop, markets began to wind back the amount of prospective easing. After falling to as low as 3.45%, the one month bank bill rate ended the month at 3.58%. Likewise, after falling to 3.27% and 3.09% early in the month, the three and six month bank bill rates ended the month at 3.49% and 3.44%, respectively.

At the longer end, the ten year government bond yield ended the month 12 bps higher at 3.04%. Like shorter dated bonds, long bonds made their lows early in the month before stronger domestic data and progress in Europe, particularly at the EU summit, led to a rise in yields. As a result of these moves, there was some flattening in the yield curve with the spread between three and ten year government bonds narrowing by 15 bps to end the month at +64 bps.

Credit markets were stronger over the month with the iTraxx index finishing 22 bps tighter at 183 bps. Credit markets responded favourably to the news out of Europe, in particular the Spanish bank recapitalisation plan, and the removal of preferred creditor status as announced at the EU summit late in the month. Primary markets welcomed ANZ Wealth's launch of its inaugural bond issue, and most of the major banks tapped existing bond lines to raise funds prior to the financial year close.

Market Outlook

Following the run of stronger domestic data, further policy stimulus in China and the US, and another incremental step towards European fiscal integration, the bar for further RBA easing has been raised. Market expectations for the low point in the cash rate have shifted significantly, from a low of around 2.00% by February 2013 in early June, to a low of 2.50% by March 2013 at the end of June. We believe this is still too aggressive and continue to factor in a 3.00% cash rate by the end of 2012, followed by a pause and then a gradual tightening cycle commencing late 2013.

To get further easing, we will need to see ongoing sluggishness in the non mining part of the economy,

labour market softness and weaker demand conditions in our major trading partners. It may turn out that the economy responds to more recent easings quicker than expected and forestall the need for further easing. To validate market pricing of another 100 bps of easing, a major shock from Europe, which derails the global economy and financial markets, is needed. While a risk, we believe that this is not the most likely outcome. At the longer end, we see little value of a long bond around 3.00%, with investors vulnerable to any improvement in the economic outlook or recovery in risk appetite and on a longer timeframe, any lift in inflation. We continue to persist with defensive interest rate strategies.

At a sector level, our preferred sectors remain semi-government and corporate debt, with the latter currently offering attractive spreads relative to the healthy state of company balance sheets, and strong demand from investors searching for yield. In this regard we believe the benefit of additional yield will be of increasing value to investors as the prospect of further capital gain from lower yields on sovereign bonds diminishes. We maintain an overweight allocation to these sectors. Within the corporate sector our emphasis is on large financials and in particular, the senior debt of the 'big four' Australian banks, listed property trusts and selected infrastructure/utility debt.

Investment Strategy

The following is a summary of the key strategies in the Trust.

Interest rates – at the end of the month, the duration position of the Trust was as follows:

Modified Duration	Years
Trust	3.00
Index	3.99
Active Position	-0.99

Interest rates: underweight duration

For some months now, our view has been that pricing of bond and money markets has been dislocated reflecting

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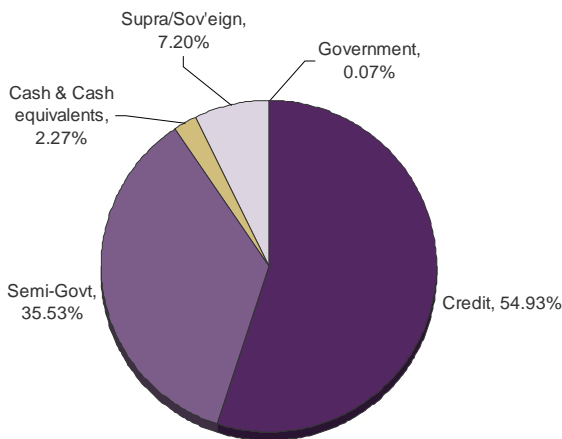
sentiment (mostly negative from offshore debt issues) rather than fundamentals of the Australian economy and the outlook for monetary policy. As such, yields have been well below our assessment for 'fair value'. We have been positioned, and continue to maintain underweight duration, to protect investor capital during periods of bond market corrections such as the one we witnessed this month and earlier in the year. Current market pricing has the cash rate falling towards 2.50% by year end, which is a more aggressive profile than our own expectations. However, bond yields continue trade at lower levels with three and ten year bond yields at 2.55% and 3.19% respectively, partly reflecting the offshore demand for Australia's AAA government bonds which remain attractive from a yield perspective against a shrinking pool of AAA issuers. While lower yields can persist for some time, ultimately they will have some relationship with the level of short term rates. If monetary policy is not eased to the level priced in, then at some stage it is reasonable to expect a meaningful rise in bond yields.

In our view, this area of the bond market remains the sweet spot for investors. We believe that relative to risk free assets, corporate debt provides investors with opportunities that are both fundamentally sound and attractively priced. Corporate balance sheets remain healthy, while cash flows continue to exhibit stability. While we acknowledge that corporate debt is a little more exposed to the volatility of 'risk on, risk off' episodes, the higher running yield should more than compensate for any capital price fluctuations over 12 month investment horizons. Accordingly, we remain overweight this sector and expect that it will outperform risk free assets over the medium term. Our favoured sub-sectors are low risk 'AAA' rated covered bonds from the 'big four' Australian banks as well as senior bonds, listed property trusts and infrastructure debt.

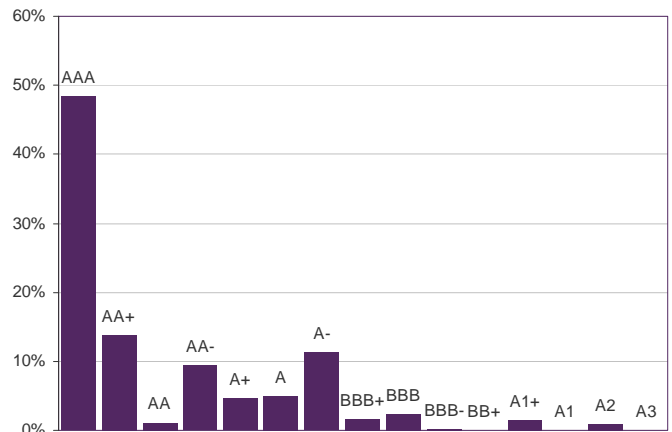
Overweight bank guaranteed and semi governments
Our government exposure is concentrated in semi government and government guaranteed securities, on the basis of the attractive yield advantage they offer relative to government bonds.

**Overweight corporate debt
Trust Snapshot**

Sector Allocation



Credit Rating Distribution



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